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Applicant (Actual Inventor) ... 100 · · Application and Provisional Specification Accepted, 26th January, 1944. Complete Specification after Provisional Specification

Complete Specification ... Acceptance Advertised (Sec. 50) Jour Rowley Nicholson. Lodged, 23rd November, 1944.

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Clare 78.71.

Drawing attached.

COMPLETE: SPECIFICATION.

"Improvements in and connected with sliding sash windows provided with flywire screens."

30 Little Leveron Street, North Melbourne, in whereby it may be moved behind or in front fully described and assertained in and by the sash and characterised in that the edges of the following statement :--

This invention relates to improvements in and connected with sliding sash windows 10 provided with flywire screens, and refers especially to windows having one or more. vertically slidable sashes, though it is applicable also to windows having horizontally slidable sashes.

15 It has heretofore been proposed to attach. the free end of a flywire screen which is wound on a spring actuated roller to a slidable sash in such a manner that, when the sash is moved clear of a portion of the window opening, the 20 serven will autometically i. unwound from the roller to extend across such portion of the opening and so prevent ingress of insects.

Now, the object of the present invention is. to provide improvements in the construction embodiment said roller is arranged below the 25 of windows of this known type."

window comprising a frame provided with at natively the roller may be arranged in a housing least two glazed sashes armaged in different; secured to the top of the sill.

1. JOHN ROWLEY NICHOLSON. Engineer. of planes, one at least of said sashes being slidable the State of Victoria, Commonwealth of sof the other such, and a flexible screen of Australia, hereby declare this invention and flywire or the like mounted on a self-winding 5 the manner in which it is to be performed to be roller and connected to one end of the slidable. flexible screen are received in guide grooves disposed parallel to the sashes and arranged in a plane located intermediate the plane of the inner face of the inner such and the plane 10 of the outer face of the outer such.

> Another feature of the invention resides in a window having a frame provided with a Flidable sash arranged between inner and outer guides and having a flexible screen attached to 15 one end thereof, said screen being mounted on a self-winding roller and characterised in that the edges of the flexible screen are received in guide grooves disposed parallel to and located between the said inner and outer guides for 20 the slidable sash.

The said roller is rotatively mounted on or adjacent the window frame and in one preferred windowill and the screen extends upwardly 25 One feature of the invention resides in a therefrom through a slot in the sill. Alter-

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In the drawings, which show practical embodiments of the invention:

Figure 1 is a view in perspective partly in section of a sliding sash window having the 5 lower sash connected to a flexible screen in accordance with the invention.

Figure 2 is a view in sectional end elevation of the sill and adjacent parts of the windows. shown in Figure 1, and is drawn to a larger. 10 scale, the sush in this figure being shown in its. lowermost position.

Figure 3 is a view in sectional plan taken on a plane corresponding to that indicated by the lines 3-3 of Figure 2, it being assumed that 15 the lower rash is wholly above such plane.

Figure 4 is a view in sectional end elevation" and shows the sill and adjacent parts of a sliding sash window of modified construction.

Figure 5 is a view in sectional elevation taken 20 on the line 5 5 of Figure 4, parts of the roller. sereen being shown as broken away.

Figures 6 and 7 are views in sectional plan showing window frame side members of In the illustrated embodiment the upper modified construction; and

Figure 8 is a view in end elevation of the construction shown in Figure 7.

The window shown in Figures 1, 2 and 3 is generally of conventional construction and comprises upper and lower sashes 10 and 11 30 respectively slidably mounted in guide grooves formed in the side members 12 of the window frame, such guide grooves being separated by parting beads 13. The sushes are counterbalanced in the usual way by weights which 35 r v not shown,

The lower mil 112 of the sush 11 is provided in its under-surface with a longitudinally disposed grouve 112 in which the upper reinforced end of a flexible screen 15 of flywire or 40 other suitable material is detachably secured as by scrows 14. This screen extends vertically, downwards from the sash through a longitudinal slot 161 in the sill 16 to a self-winding spring. roller 17 on which the major part of the screen 45 i normally wound, the roller being housed in a ? hox 18 of sheet metal arranged below the sill. The roller is of the type commonly used for window blinds except that same is not provided with ratchet or other retaining means and the 50 eyles at the ends thereof are fitted to brackets (not shown) secured to the inner ends of the box 18.

The hottom of the box slopes outwardly. enter said box will be directed into a discharge the ends of the roller are recessed to Spout 19 (Figure 1).

The front of the box 19 is open apart from a lip or flange 181 which is turned up from the bottom and this open front is normally closed by a detachable cover 20 which, when removed, permits of access to the roller.

An angle shaped metal strip 21 is fitted to the top of the sill and same has an upstanding flange 211 which is flush with the front edge of the slot 161 in the sill, such upstanding flange heing received in the groove 11° in the sash 10 when the latter is lowered (see Figure 2). Thus ingress of minwater to the roller hox 18 is prevented when the sash is lowered.

The side edges of the flexible screen 15 are received in corresponding vertical guide grooves 15 221 formed between spaced angle shaped metal strips 22 secured to the respective side members 12 of the frame within the guide grooves for the sash 11 (see Figures 1 and 3) the outer edges of the stiles of the such being provided 20 with clearance grooves 112 for the angle strips 22 (see broken lines in Figure 3).

sash 10 is not fitted with a flexible flywire screen but, if required, such a screen could 25 be provided and arranged substantially as described except that the roller therefor would be located within the window head.

Thus the plane of the unwound portion of the screen is disposed intermediate the plane 30 of the inner face of the inner such 11 and the plane of the outer face of the outer such 10. The construction therefore is nent and compact and the said intermediate position of the unwound portion of the screen affords 35 some protection against accidental damage. Furthermore the construction is comparatively simple to manufacture and relatively inexpensive while the screen and the roller may readily be removed if required for replacement or 40

In the modified construction shown in Figures 4 and 5, the roller hox 18 is mounted on top of the window sill 16 instead of therebelow, the top of said box being formed with 45 a longitudinal slot through which the screen 16 extende. This construction has the advantage that it is more readily applicable to many existing windows, the height of the sush 11 being suitably reduced. The roller 50 box in this construction may fit neatly between the side members 12 of the window frame and. in order that the length of the roller 17 and as shown in Figures 1 and 2 and also consequently the width of the screen may be 55 longitudinally so that any water which may only slightly less ... the width of the sash, 55 accommodate axle supporting henckets which

project inwardly from the ends of the box 18 one at least of said ends being detachable my said invention and the manner in which it (Figure 5).

As shown in the Figure, the outer edge of a 5 the slot in the hox 18 is defined by an upstanding flange 18° receivable in a groove in the bottom of the slidable sash.

Figure 6 is a sectional plan view showing one side member 12 of a metal frame window 10 in accordance with the invention. These side members are formed of sheet metal and are provided in the sash grooves with vertical? guide grooves 221 to receive the edges of flexible screens attached respectively to the 15 leaver mil of the lower rush 11 and the upperrail of the upper sash 10. The roller (not shown) for the lower wreen 15 is preferably arranged below the sill 16, a slot 161 being provided therein for this purpose, while the 20 roller for the upper screen may similarly be lorated above the window head.

When the guide grooves 161 are arranged as shown in Figure 6, it is not necessary to provide 25 of the sliding sashes at this would be inconvenient when the sushes are formed of angle section hars. It will be evident that it is not necessary for the guide grooves 161 to extend the full height of the window frame.

In the construction shown in Figure 6, the guides for the sliding sashes are formed by vertical metal hars 23, 24 and 25 the bar 23 being welded or otherwise permanently secured in position, while the guide hars 24 and 25 55 are detachable.

Figure 7 is a view similar to Figures 6 and shows a modification in which the guide grooves 181 for the side edges of the flywire screen 15 are formed in the guide bar 24, the latter for 40 this purpose being of channel-shape in cross section. The free end of the screen is secured to a metal strip 26 the ends of which also project into the guide grooves 161 and this metal strip is secured to the such 11 a packing 45 strip 27 being interposed. It will be evident that screens attached to the upper and lower sashes may have their edges received in the same guide grooves and that this construction is equally applicable to wooden frame windows.

When it is not convenient to arrange the winding roller 17 with its periphery sub-stantially tangential to the unwound strip of the screen 15, a guide roller (not shown) may be arranged in such position and the winding 55 roller may then be arranged parallel thereto in any conveniently accessible position.

Having now fully described and ascertained in to be performed. I declare that what I claim is:--

1. A window comprising a frame provided with at least two glazed sashes arranged in different planes, one at least of said sashes being slidable whereby it may be moved behind or in front of the other sush and a flexible screen of flywire or the like mounted on a 10 self-winding roller and connected to one end of the slidable sash, and characterised in that the edges of the flexible screen are received in guide grooves disposed parallel to the sashes and arranged in a plane located intermediate 15. the plane of the inner face of the inner sash and the plane of the outer face of the outer sash.

2. A window comprising a frame provided with a slidable such arranged between inner and outer guides and having a flexible screen 20 attached to one end thereof, said screen being mounted on a self-winding roller and charnoterised in that the edges of the flexible screen clearance grooves in the side edges of the stiles have received in guide grooves disposed parallel to and located between the said inner and 25 outer guides for the slidable sush.

3. A window according to Chim 1 or 2 wherein means forming said guale grooves for the screen project from the bottom of each guide groove for the slidable such, and the 30 stiles of said sash are provided with clearance grooves for said guide forming means.

4. A window according to Claim 1 or 2 wherein said guide groover for the flexible screen are formed in the bottoms of the guide 35 grooves for the slidable sash.

5. A window according to Claim I wherein asid guide grooves for the flexible serven are formed in guide members arranged between and separating the said sashes.

6. A window according to Claim 5 wherein the free end of the flexible screen is attached to a guide strip secured to the mah and having its ends projecting into said guide grooves

for the screen.
7. A wildow according to any preceding claim wherein said flexible screen extends from the slidable sash to said roller through a slot in the window frame.

B. A window according to any of Claims 1 50 to 6 wherein the slidable sash is movable vertically to and from a sill or like member at the bottom of the window opening and said roller is arranged below the sill or the like. the latter being formed with a slot through 55 which the flexible screen extends.

9. A window according to Claim 8 wherein a guard flange extends upwardly from the sill or the like in advance of the slot therein and is receivable in a groove in the lower end of 5 the sash.

10. A window according to Claim 8 or 9 wherein said roller is rotatively mounted in a box or easing having means for discharging water therefrom.

10 11. A window according to Claim 7, 8, 9 or 10 including a detachable cover which is removable to provide access to the roller.

12. A window according to any of Claims 1 to 6 inclusive, wherein said roller is arranged

15 in a box, casing or the like fitted to the top of a sill or other like member at the bottom of the window opening, said box, easing or the like being provided with a slot through which the screen extends.

20 13. A window according to Claim 12 wherein the top of said box, easing or the like is provided at the outer side of said slot with an upstanding flange which is receivable within a groove in the bottom of the lower sail of the slideble wash.

25 14. A window according to Claim 12 or 13 wherein said roller is provided at each and with an axial necess accommodating supporting brackets or like supporting means.

15. A window recording to any preceding 30 claim wherein the free end of the dexible screen

is detachably secured within a groove in the idjacent mil or stile of the slidable sash.

16. A window according to Claim 15 wherein said free end of the flexible screen is detachably connected to the sarh substantially as described 5 with reference to Figure 2 of the drawings.

17. A sliding such window constructed and armaged substantially as described with reference to Figures 1 to 3 of the drawings.

18. A sliding sash window constructed and 10 arranged substantially as described with reference to Figures 4 and 5 of the drawings.

19. A sliding sush window constructed and arranged substantially as described with reference to Figure 6 of the drawings.

20. A sliding such window constructed and arranged substantially as described with reference to Figure 7 of the drawings.

Dated this 22nd day of November, 1944.

JOHN ROWLEY NICHOLSON,

By his Patent Attorneys,

CLEMENT HACK & SON, ASHTON & WHITE,

Fellows Institute of Patent Attorneys

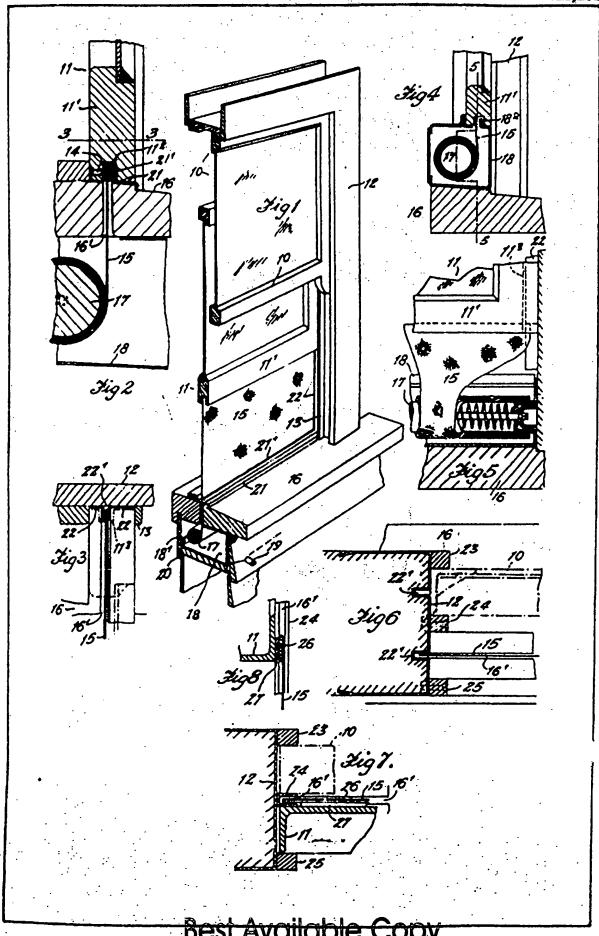
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